Investigating the Effect of Weather Events on Primary Care Clinicians across the United States

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Background: When we consider weather impacts, we mainly consider how the event affects the person, not the clinicians treating them. There is a paucity of studies discussing the effect of weather on the clinicians and the care of their patients.

Methods: A survey covering weather effects was distributed to American Academy of Family Physicians National Research Network (AAFP NRN) members in August 2020. Descriptive statistics and Fisher’s exact tests were completed on the survey responses. Postsurvey interviews were conducted with selected respondents about specific weather events.

Results: Survey respondents were US physicians (88.7%) and 84.9% indicated more than 1 type of event has affected their practice. Respondents were most affected by snow/snowstorm (81.1%) and indicated they had to close for the day or longer and staff were unable to make it into clinic (79.2%). Respondents indicated respiratory (94.5%), mental health (81.8%), and musculoskeletal conditions (50.9%) were most affected by weather. Interviews with selected respondents covered weather topics including winter, summer, and flooding.

Discussion: Survey respondents/interviewees indicated weather affects them in a variety of ways including issues with patients’ conditions and practice effects. Clinicians have noticed a change to their areas’ weather over the years, but, generally, warming is occurring. (J Am Board Fam Med 2023;00:000–000.)

Keywords: Climate Change, Family Physicians, Primary Health Care, Surveys and Questionnaires, Weather

Introduction
When we think about weather and the effect on people, we consider how the person is affected and not the clinicians treating them. Numerous studies explore weather effects on people including extreme heat,1–11 excess deaths with cold weather,1,4,7,11–13 changes in pressure and temperature,14–24 and others25–30. Additional studies detail how patients with asthma,28,31–33 COPD,34–36 arthritis,23,37,38 and other conditions39–41 are affected by weather. Conversely, there are also studies questioning the patient's impact on patients.42,43

Studies discussing the impact on clinicians are rare. However, studies provide ideas and principles for practices, clinicians, and societies for coping with extreme weather,44–47 adapting to climate change,47–49 and coping with weather challenges.50–52 “The big-weather impacts on practices are still relatively unknown, which led to investigating how weather affects primary care clinicians, their practices, and their patient panel. Survey respondents were differentiated by regional location and time in patient care.

Methods
This study seeks to address gaps in knowledge about how clinicians react to weather in their area. To achieve this, a survey was sent to American Academy of Family Physicians National Research Network (AAFP NRN) members and selected AAFP NRN members were interviewed. This study was approved by the AAFP Institutional Review Board.

Survey Instrument and Administration
The survey instrument was constructed based on our knowledge of weather and potential related...
disruptions. Survey questions included demographics, weather types, and ways practices and patients were impacted. Most AAFP NRN members are primary care clinicians in the US. The survey was built and distributed in Qualtrics (Provo, Utah). Respondents could proceed to the survey only after acknowledging the Informed Consent on the first page. The survey had no back button, 5 pages, 12 questions, and no incentive (Appendix).

The initial invite went out July 30, 2020, with a reminder on August 12, 2020, and closing September 14, 2020. The survey was distributed to every person in the AAFP NRN database (1584 active e-mails) who had previously consented to receiving surveys.

Interviews
Within the survey, 1 question asked the respondents if they would be willing to participate in an interview. Out of 16 people who agreed, 9 responded to further contact. The interview questions (Appendix) were derived based on respondents’ answers to the survey. The first author conducted phone interviews lasting approximately 15 minutes each. They were conducted, recorded, and transcribed mid-August through mid-September 2020.

Analysis
Descriptive statistics were completed for all survey questions. We used all available data, assuming ignorable missingness. Fisher’s Exact Tests were completed using R package in the survey analysis. For the interviews, the authors read the transcripts and determined themes from the interviewees’ responses.

Results
Survey Results
Of the 62 who at least partially completed the survey (response rate: 3.9%), 88.7% were physicians and the remaining 11.3% held other titles. Most respondents (61.3%) spent 50% or more of their time in direct patient care. The respondents’ practices were from across the US—30.6% from the South, 25.8% from the West, 24.2% from the Midwest, and 19.4% from the Northeast (Table 1).

Most respondents (84.9%) indicated that more than 1 type of weather event has affected their practice, the most common being snow/snowstorm (81.1%) regardless of time in patient care or region.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 1. Survey Respondent Demographics</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Respondent titles* (n = 62)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physician (MD/DO)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PsyD, PharmD, PhD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time spent in direct patient care (n = 62)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1% to 49%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50% or more</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Census region where practice is located† (n = 62)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northeast</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Midwest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Titles with no responses: Resident, Medical Student, NA/PA.
†The lists of states in each division can be found at: https://www2.census.gov/geo/pdfs/maps-data/maps/reference/us_regdiv.pdf.

Though snow/snowstorm affected practices equally, ice/sleet/ice storm did not. Although the majority (52.8%) indicated being affected by ice and time in patient care did not make a difference, the region did. Virtually all Midwest respondents (90.0%), and almost no West respondents (14.3%) were affected by ice (P = .001). Nearly half (40.0%) of Midwest respondents indicated lightning affected practices; Northeast and West respondents indicated no effect (0.0%; P = .009). Almost half (43.8%) with less and only 10.8% with more time in patient care indicated extreme heat events affect their practices (P = .011; Table 2).

Respondents indicated their practices were affected by weather with 79.2% had to close for the day or longer and staff were unable to make it in. Three-fourths (75.5%) had an increased number of cancellations or no shows. The respondents from the Midwest, Northeast, and South were more likely to be affected by loss of internet (70.0%, 66.7%, 64.7%, respectively) than the West (21.4%; P = .038) as well as loss of telephones (60.0%, 50.0%, 76.5%, 14.3%; P = .005) and electric power (40.0%, 50.0%, 70.6%, 7.1%; P = .003; Table 3).

Respondents were asked which diseases/conditions, in their opinion, were affected by weather. Most (94.5%) indicated respiratory conditions are affected, as well as mental health and musculoskeletal conditions. However, respondents with less time in patient care were more likely (22.2%) to indicate that digestive conditions were affected.
were affected by weather than respondents with more time in patient care (2.7%; \(P = .035\); Table 4).

### Qualitative Results

#### Winter

Clinicians were prepared by having services on-call to plow their parking lots, haul away snow if there is too much, and systems in place to inform patients of closures. A clinician in the South disclosed their city purchased a snowplow, but they get too much snow for 1 snowplow.

#### Summer

The main summer weather events the clinicians experienced were thunderstorms and heat. One clinician is in an area prone to wildfires and has noticed wildfires getting worse/more frequent in recent years. Houses in their area are being built with fire resistant materials.

#### Flooding

Although hurricanes were most discussed, 1 clinician mentioned flooding occurred when the snow melted quicker than normal, and drainage could not handle runoff. Another mentioned they live in a very flood-prone area, but their clinic sits on higher ground and is typically unaffected by flooding.

### Specific Health Effects

Clinicians agreed that weather affects their patients. They noted trends in patient complaints depending on the time of year or there was a weather event. Clinicians mentioned not only the physical effects, but also mental outcomes including anxiety and seasonal affective disorder.

#### Power

Most clinicians interviewed do not have generators for their practices. A few mentioned they rarely lose power for more than a few hours, as they are part of the group to be restored first. One clinician mentioned they will close their practice until power is restored. A few commented that if power is lost, a designated person will take vaccines to someplace with power. They had lost thousands of dollars’ worth of vaccines due to power loss.

#### Telemedicine

Clinicians hoped telemedicine continues after the pandemic, because it is easier and more effective to meet with patients who cannot get out of their homes due to weather.

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**Table 2. Types of Weather Events That Have Affected Respondents' Practices (n = 53)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Overall % (n = 53)</th>
<th>1–49% (n = 16)</th>
<th>50%+ (n = 37)</th>
<th>Sig.</th>
<th>Northeast (n = 12)</th>
<th>South (n = 17)</th>
<th>Midwest (n = 10)</th>
<th>West (n = 14)</th>
<th>Sig.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Snow/Snowstorm</td>
<td>81.1</td>
<td>81.3</td>
<td>81.1</td>
<td>1.000</td>
<td>91.7</td>
<td>64.7</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>78.6</td>
<td>0.116</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ice/Sleet/Ice Storm</td>
<td>52.8</td>
<td>43.8</td>
<td>56.8</td>
<td>0.550</td>
<td>50.0</td>
<td>64.7</td>
<td>90.0</td>
<td>14.3</td>
<td>0.001*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blizzard</td>
<td>35.8</td>
<td>37.5</td>
<td>35.1</td>
<td>1.000</td>
<td>50.0</td>
<td>29.4</td>
<td>50.0</td>
<td>21.4</td>
<td>0.339</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thunderstorm</td>
<td>35.8</td>
<td>25.0</td>
<td>40.5</td>
<td>0.358</td>
<td>41.7</td>
<td>47.1</td>
<td>50.0</td>
<td>7.1</td>
<td>0.056</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rain</td>
<td>24.5</td>
<td>25.0</td>
<td>23.4</td>
<td>1.000</td>
<td>14.7</td>
<td>41.2</td>
<td>30.0</td>
<td>7.1</td>
<td>0.155</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flooding</td>
<td>24.5</td>
<td>33.1</td>
<td>21.6</td>
<td>0.499</td>
<td>16.7</td>
<td>41.2</td>
<td>20.0</td>
<td>14.3</td>
<td>0.333</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hurricane</td>
<td>20.8</td>
<td>6.3</td>
<td>27.0</td>
<td>0.142</td>
<td>16.7</td>
<td>35.3</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>7.1</td>
<td>0.052</td>
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<tr>
<td>Extreme Heat Events</td>
<td>20.8</td>
<td>43.8</td>
<td>10.8</td>
<td>0.011*</td>
<td>8.3</td>
<td>23.5</td>
<td>20.0</td>
<td>21.4</td>
<td>1.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windstorm</td>
<td>18.9</td>
<td>18.8</td>
<td>18.9</td>
<td>1.000</td>
<td>8.3</td>
<td>29.4</td>
<td>40.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.027</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tornado</td>
<td>15.1</td>
<td>25.0</td>
<td>10.8</td>
<td>0.224</td>
<td>8.3</td>
<td>5.9</td>
<td>40.0</td>
<td>14.3</td>
<td>0.133</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lightning Strikes</td>
<td>11.3</td>
<td>6.3</td>
<td>13.5</td>
<td>0.655</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>11.8</td>
<td>40.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.009*</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wildfire</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>6.3</td>
<td>8.1</td>
<td>1.000</td>
<td>16.7</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>14.3</td>
<td>0.134</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hail</td>
<td>5.7</td>
<td>12.5</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>0.213</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>20.0</td>
<td>7.1</td>
<td>0.080</td>
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<td>Bomb Cyclone</td>
<td>5.7</td>
<td>12.5</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>1.000</td>
<td>8.3</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>10.0</td>
<td>7.1</td>
<td>1.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>5.7</td>
<td>6.3</td>
<td>5.4</td>
<td>1.000</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>11.8</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>1.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dust Storm</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>1.000</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>5.9</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>1.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cold/Warm Fronts</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>6.3</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.302</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>10.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.189</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* = \(P < 0.05\).
Weather Changes
Most clinicians interviewed mentioned they have seen changes occurring to their weather in the time they have lived in their respective locations (all more than 10 years). They mentioned changes in rain, for example, less rain/having to rely on the aquifer more; snow, for example, seeing less snow, more ice; and air quality. In addition, they

| Table 3. Types of Effects from Weather Disasters/Systems That Have Affected Respondents’ Practices (n = 53) |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Overall % (n = 53)                                    | 1–49% (n = 16)                                        | 50%+ (n = 37)                                    | Region                                           |
|                                                      |                                                      |                                                | Northeast (n = 12)                              | South (n = 17)                                  | Midwest (n = 10)                                | West (n = 14)                                   |
| Having to close for the day or longer                 | 79.2                                                 | 75.0                                           | 81.1                                            | 0.716                                          | 75.0                                           | 82.4                                           | 90.0                                            | 71.4                                           | 0.742                                          |
| Staff unable to make it into the clinic               | 79.2                                                 | 81.3                                           | 78.4                                            | 1.000                                          | 66.7                                           | 88.2                                           | 70.0                                            | 85.7                                           | 0.417                                          |
| Increased number of cancellations or no shows         | 75.5                                                 | 87.5                                           | 70.3                                            | 0.299                                          | 75.0                                           | 82.4                                           | 60.0                                            | 78.6                                           | 0.632                                          |
| Loss of internet                                      | 54.7                                                 | 43.8                                           | 59.5                                            | 0.372                                          | 66.7                                           | 64.7                                           | 70.0                                            | 21.4                                           | 0.038*                                         |
| Loss of telephones                                    | 50.9                                                 | 37.5                                           | 56.8                                            | 0.241                                          | 50.0                                           | 76.5                                           | 60.0                                            | 14.3                                           | 0.005*                                         |
| Loss of electrical power                              | 43.4                                                 | 31.3                                           | 48.6                                            | 0.366                                          | 50.0                                           | 70.6                                           | 40.0                                            | 7.1                                            | 0.003*                                         |
| Unable to get into parking lot/building due to snow   | 39.6                                                 | 37.5                                           | 40.5                                            | 1.000                                          | 50.0                                           | 17.6                                           | 60.0                                            | 42.9                                           | 0.115                                          |
| Uptick in patient calls/requests                      | 18.9                                                 | 6.3                                            | 24.3                                            | 0.250                                          | 16.7                                           | 29.5                                           | 20.0                                            | 7.1                                            | 0.469                                          |
| Seasonal scheduling difficulties                      | 18.9                                                 | 6.3                                            | 24.3                                            | 0.250                                          | 41.7                                           | 11.8                                           | 10.0                                            | 14.3                                           | 0.208                                          |
| Unable to get into parking lot/building due to flooding| 13.2                                                 | 25.0                                           | 8.1                                             | 0.179                                          | 8.3                                            | 17.6                                           | 10.0                                            | 14.3                                           | 0.947                                          |
| Unable to get into parking lot/building due to downed trees or power lines | 11.3                                                 | 12.5                                           | 10.8                                            | 1.000                                          | 8.3                                            | 17.6                                           | 20.0                                            | 0.0                                            | 0.316                                          |
| Patients get sicker                                   | 7.5                                                  | 0.0                                            | 10.8                                            | 0.303                                          | 0.0                                            | 17.6                                           | 0.0                                             | 7.1                                            | 0.379                                          |
| Other                                                 | 7.5                                                  | 6.3                                            | 8.1                                             | 1.000                                          | 8.3                                            | 0.0                                            | 20.0                                            | 7.1                                            | 1.000                                          |
| Building was destroyed/damaged                        | 5.7                                                  | 12.5                                           | 2.7                                             | 0.213                                          | 0.0                                            | 5.9                                            | 10.0                                            | 7.1                                            | 0.878                                          |
| Patients have new or more complaints                  | 3.8                                                  | 0.0                                            | 5.4                                             | 1.000                                          | 0.0                                            | 5.9                                            | 10.0                                            | 0.0                                            | 0.679                                          |
| Loss of natural gas hookup                            | 0.0                                                  | 0.0                                            | 0.0                                             | 1.000                                          | 0.0                                            | 0.0                                            | 0.0                                             | 0.0                                            | 1.000                                          |

* = P < 0.05.

Weather Changes
Most clinicians interviewed mentioned they have seen changes occurring to their weather in the time they have lived in their respective locations (all more than 10 years). They mentioned changes in rain, for example, less rain/having to rely on the aquifer more; snow, for example, seeing less snow, more ice; and air quality. In addition, they

| Table 4. Diseases/Conditions Affected by Weather Events (n = 55) |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Overall % (n = 55)                                            | 1–49% (n = 18)                                                | 50%+ (n = 37)                                   | Region                                           |
|                                                               |                                                               |                                                | Northeast (n = 12)                              | South (n = 17)                                  | Midwest (n = 10)                                | West (n = 16)                                   |
| Respiratory                                                   94.5                                                           | 94.4                                                         | 94.6                                           | 1.000                                          | 91.7                                           | 100.0                                         | 90.0                                           | 93.8                                           | 0.533                                          |
| Mental Health                                                 81.8                                                           | 88.9                                                         | 78.4                                           | 0.470                                          | 83.3                                           | 82.4                                         | 80.0                                           | 81.3                                           | 1.000                                          |
| Musculoskeletal                                               50.9                                                           | 50.0                                                         | 51.4                                           | 1.000                                          | 75.0                                           | 35.3                                         | 60.0                                           | 43.8                                           | 0.174                                          |
| Cardiovascular                                                47.3                                                           | 44.4                                                         | 48.6                                           | 1.000                                          | 50.0                                           | 52.9                                         | 50.0                                           | 37.5                                           | 0.847                                          |
| Other (e.g., stress, fatigue)                                  | 45.5                                                           | 44.4                                                         | 45.9                                           | 1.000                                          | 50.0                                           | 52.9                                         | 40.0                                           | 37.5                                           | 1.000                                          |
| Occupational Health                                           | 32.7                                                           | 38.9                                                         | 29.7                                           | 0.550                                          | 16.7                                           | 35.3                                         | 30.0                                           | 43.8                                           | 0.505                                          |
| Dermatological/Skin Disease                                   30.9                                                           | 27.8                                                         | 32.4                                           | 1.000                                          | 16.7                                           | 29.4                                         | 30.0                                           | 43.8                                           | 0.522                                          |
| Cognitive Health                                              | 29.1                                                           | 33.3                                                         | 27.0                                           | 0.754                                          | 25.0                                           | 41.2                                         | 20.0                                           | 25.0                                           | 0.655                                          |
| Infectious                                                    | 25.5                                                           | 27.8                                                         | 24.3                                           | 1.000                                          | 25.0                                           | 35.3                                         | 10.0                                           | 25.0                                           | 0.589                                          |
| Endocrine, Metabolic                                          | 20.0                                                           | 22.2                                                         | 18.9                                           | 1.000                                          | 16.7                                           | 23.5                                         | 30.0                                           | 12.5                                           | 0.726                                          |
| Neurological                                                  | 16.4                                                           | 16.7                                                         | 16.2                                           | 1.000                                          | 25.0                                           | 5.9                                          | 20.0                                           | 37.5                                           | 0.535                                          |
| Digestive                                                     | 9.1                                                            | 22.2                                                         | 2.7                                            | 0.035*                                         | 50.0                                           | 52.9                                         | 40.0                                           | 37.5                                           | 0.925                                          |

* = P < 0.05.
expressed that it seems to be generally getting warmer.

Discussion
Clinicians indicated weather affects their patient population in a variety of ways, mainly by winter weather and rain events. This is in line with previous studies where patients were more likely to visit emergency rooms around snow and flooding. Extreme heat affected all practices equally, but respondents who saw patients less stated more issues with extreme heat than those who saw more patients. This could be due to patient panels and practice location/type.

Weather events can cause disruptions, with the practice needing to close a day or longer or having an increase in cancellations or no-shows. However, Midwest respondents were more affected by loss of telephone and electric power more than the other regions. These and other problems are expected to get worse as the climate changes and are suggested as possible items to fortify to adapt accordingly. Weather can also cause issues for the patients by triggering a flare in their respiratory conditions, affecting mental health, among other physical and mental effects. The effect of weather on people/patients is in line with other studies.

Interviewed clinicians have noticed a change to the weather in their areas over the years, and a pattern of warming. They also noted instances where they were not prepared, but then implemented processes to remedy the issues (eg, off-site refrigeration for vaccines). Further study is needed to understand the continued impact of weather on clinicians and the full effect of weather on a larger clinician population.

Although the response rate was low, it was in line with other surveys the AAFP NRN was conducting around the same time. We do understand the low response rate could affect the generalizability of the results. The response rate could be due to a lack of interest in the topic and the distribution during the COVID-19 pandemic. The voluntary nature of the survey may have introduced nonresponse bias. We endeavored to mitigate this by leaving the survey open for more than a month. An interview limitation was that they were asked to recall weather events from over the past several years.

Conclusion
Weather will continue to affect clinicians and practices. Although there are some resources and studies for weather related effects and how weather affects patients, further study is needed to determine the full effect on clinicians and practices and ways to mitigate effects of weather on practices.

Authors would like to thank the AAFP National Research Network members who participated in the survey and participated in the interviews and the AAFP NRN Senior staff for their support.

To see this article online, please go to: http://jabfm.org/content/00/00/000.full.

References


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Appendix.

Weather Survey

Thank you for your willingness to help the American Academy of Family Physicians National Research Network (AAFP NRN) understand how weather and weather events have impacted you and/or your practice.

The survey will take 5–10 minutes to complete.

There are no personal benefits or risks to participating in this study. Participating is voluntary, and responses will remain anonymous and confidential.

The survey is for research purposes only, and the results will be reported only in aggregate. It’s okay if you start the survey and decide to stop early.

Choosing not to participate or choosing to withdraw from the study will not result in any penalty.

If you have any questions, please contact Elisabeth Callen at contact Jennifer Farris or ecallen@aafp.org. For questions about the rights of research participants, you can the AAFP Institutional Review Board (IRB) at (913) 906 6134 orjfarris@aafp.org.

Yes, I agree to take this survey
No, I do not agree to take this survey

Display This Question:
If you are willing, can you tell us your reason for declining? (Select all that apply)

- Too busy with clinical work
- Too busy with other projects
- Have no interest in this topic
- I do not have clinic duties
- Other (please specify): __________________________________________________

Skip To: End of Survey If Condition: If you are willing, can you... Is Greater Than or Equal to 0. Skip To: End of Survey.

What is your most appropriate title?

- Physician (MD/DO)
- Resident
- Medical student
- PsyD, PharmD, PhD
- NA/PA
- Other (please specify): __________________________________________________

Please provide the zip code of your practice.

What percentage of your time is spent in direct patient care?

- 0%
- 1%–25%
- 26%–49%
- 50% or more

Skip To: End of Survey If Condition: If What percentage of your time is spent in direct patient care? = 0. Skip To: End of Survey.

Has your practice ever been affected by any of the following weather events? Select all that apply.

- Snow/Snowstorm
- Blizzard
- Ice/Sleet/Ice Storm
- Thunderstorm
- Rain
- Hurricane
- Flooding
- Wildfire
- Tornado
- Hail
- Lightning Strikes
- Dust Storm
- Windstorm
- Bomb Cyclone
- Cold/Warm Fronts
- Extreme Heat Events
- Other (please specify): __________________________________________________
How was your practice affected by weather disasters/systems? Select all that apply.

- Uptick in patient calls/requests
- Having to close for the day or longer
- Building was destroyed/damaged
- Unable to get into parking lot/building due to downed trees or power lines
- Unable to get into parking lot/building due to flooding
- Unable to get into parking lot/building due to snow
- Loss of electrical power
- Loss of natural gas hookup
- Loss of telephones
- Loss of internet
- Patients get sicker
- Patients have new or more complaints
- Increased number of cancellations or no shows
- Seasonal scheduling difficulties
- Staff unable to make it into the clinic
- Other (please specify): __________________________________________________

Any comments you would like to provide on how your practice has been affected by weather disasters/systems?

How well do you feel you and/or your practice is prepared for any natural disaster?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disaster/Event</th>
<th>Very Well Prepared</th>
<th>Well Prepared</th>
<th>Fairly Well Prepared</th>
<th>Minimally Prepared</th>
<th>Not at All Prepared</th>
<th>Not Applicable</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Snow/Snowstorm</td>
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<td>Blizzard</td>
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<td>Ice/Sleet/Ice Storm</td>
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<td>Thunderstorm</td>
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<td>Rain</td>
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<td>Hurricane</td>
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<td>Flooding</td>
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<td>Wildfire</td>
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<td>Tornado</td>
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<td>Hail</td>
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<td>Lightning Strikes</td>
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<td>Dust Storms</td>
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<td>Windstorm</td>
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<td>Bomb Cyclone</td>
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<td>Cold/Warm Fronts</td>
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<td>Extreme Heat Events</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

From the list of diseases/condition categories below, please select the conditions that, in your observations, are affected by weather events.

- Respiratory (e.g., asthma, COPD)
- Cardiovascular (e.g., hypertension, atrial fibrillation, coronary artery disease)
- Neurological (e.g., pain, stroke)
- Infectious
- Musculoskeletal (e.g., all types of arthritis)
- Mental Health (e.g., depression, anxiety, post-traumatic stress disorder)
- Cognitive Health (e.g., dementia, developmental disabilities)
- Occupational Health
- Dermatological/Skin Disease
- Endocrine, Metabolic (e.g., diabetes)
- Digestive
- Other (e.g., stress, fatigue)
- Other (please explain): ________________________________________

If you observed that the following conditions are affected by weather events, please select the options that apply.

Which weather events, in your observations, affect the disease/condition categories you selected.

- **Choices:**
  - Snow/Snowstorm
  - Blizzard
  - Ice/Sleet/Ice Storm
  - Thunderstorm
  - Rain
  - Hurricane
  - Flooding
  - Wildfire
  - Tornado
  - Hail
  - Lightning Strikes
  - Dust Storms
  - Windstorm
  - Bomb Cyclone
  - Cold/Warm Fronts
  - Extreme Heat Events

- **Statements:**
  - Respiratory
  - Cardiovascular
  - Neurological
  - Infectious
  - Musculoskeletal
  - Mental Health
  - Cognitive Health
  - Occupational Health
  - Dermatological/Skin Disease
  - Endocrine, Metabolic
  - Digestive
  - Other

How do you get your weather information? Select all that apply.

- [ ] Local TV
- [ ] National TV
- [ ] Radio
- [ ] Weather Radio
- [ ] App
- [ ] National Weather Service
- [ ] Weather Channel
- [ ] AccuWeather
- [ ] Other Internet Site
- [ ] I don’t check the weather
- [ ] Other (please specify): ______________________________________

Can I contact you for a possible brief interview to further discuss how weather has affected you and/or your practice?

- [ ] Yes (provide email address): ________________________________
- [ ] No