Book Reviews


This pocket-sized reference book is to family practice what The Harriet Lane Handbook and The Mont Reid Handbook are to pediatrics and surgery, respectively. The handbook is written by the residents and edited by the chief residents in family practice at the University of Iowa. It is intended to be a quick reference guide for use by medical students, residents in family practice and other primary care specialties, and practicing physicians. The authors have achieved this goal well.

The book is divided into two sections. Part I contains chapters, in outline and algorithm format, that discuss the common problems in 15 different specialty areas, such as emergency medicine, rheumatology, obstetrics, general surgery, and psychiatry. Each discussion is succinct and provides a “big-picture” look at differential diagnosis, pathophysiology, evaluation, and therapy. The tables, reference data, drug dosages, and illustrations support the text nicely. For example, particularly handy are the pediatric developmental milestone tables, Dubowitz criteria, and SBE prophylaxis charts—those things we never remember or have at our fingertips when we need them.

Part II outlines the procedures that family physicians do in the emergency department, hospital, and office. Each is organized by indications, contraindications, materials, technique, complications, and follow-up. The descriptions are by necessity brief. Each would be strengthened by photographs or more extensive diagrams, but if the authors were to do so, it would no longer be a handbook—it would be an encyclopaedia! If the reader uses the discussion of procedures as a pilot uses a “preflight checklist,” nothing important will be forgotten, and the physician will feel more comfortable doing the procedure. Examples of the 30 procedures are venous cutdown, culdocentesis, fetal scalp pH sampling, thoracentesis, cryotherapy, and flexible sigmoidoscopy.

Readers will be well-served by this handbook. Medical students and residents will like it because they can carry it with them, they can use it to broaden or narrow their differential diagnoses, and they will find the evaluation and treatment guidelines practical and helpful. The reference data are easily accessed and not overly distilled. Practicing physicians will like it because it can be used during or between patient appointments—it is quick and easy to use, and the content is substantial.

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The Cardiac Rhythms is designed as a primer for self-study and frequently uses a workbook format. The authors’ objective is to present a method for learning the disorders of the heartbeat from the electrocardiogram (ECG).

Beginning with a basic review of the anatomy and electrophysiology of the heartbeat and the electrocardiogram, the text gives